



3RD High Level Seminar on Environmentally Suitable Cities

JICA's Cooperation

for Environmentally Sustainable Cities Development

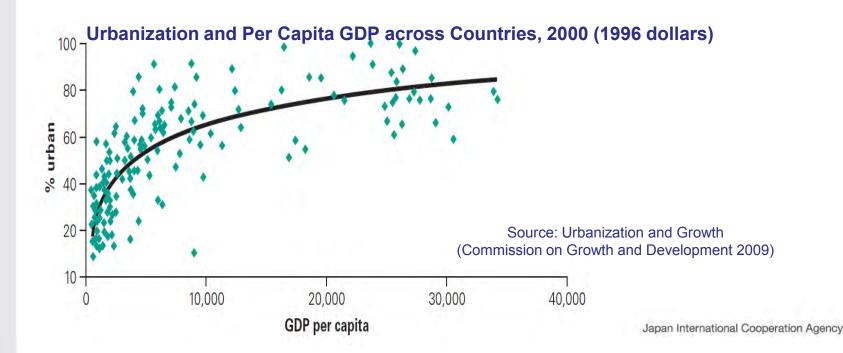
(How can we spread out and scale up our effort of each city?)

Masayuki Karasawa

Deputy Director General, Group Director for Environmental Management, and Director General for Office for Climate Change, Global Environment Department, Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)

1. ESCD is an essence of sustainable economic growth

- Industrial and commercial agglomeration and according technological innovation in urban extent is an engine of economic growth.
- Adequate natural resource and environmental management is indispensable for sustainable city development.





2. <u>Mainstreaming the effort made through the ASEAN</u> <u>ESC Model Cities Program and realize ESC with</u> <u>good strategies and plans.</u>

Figuring out current social, economic, natural and meteorological circumstances Desig

Designing possible development scenarios

Sorting out tangible policies and measures to achieve a low-carbon development and efficient use of resources

- Adjusting appropriate national policies and measures
- Introducing innovative lowcarbon and resource efficient technologies
- Utilizing other incentive measures

Analyzing each policy and measure in terms of costeffectiveness, technology availability, etc.

Developing Low-carbon Development Strategy, and Land Use and Infrastructures Development Plan

Capacity Development Correcting Data and Developing Database

ooperation Agency

jica 3. JICA's Supports in Low-carbon Urban Development

(1) Thailand "Capacity Building on Climate Change Adaptation and Mitigation for Implementation in Bangkok" 2009.6-2012.5

Technical Cooperation Project



Background:

Bangkok with nearly 10 million populations contributes up to 43 million tons of GHGs in 2007. Bangkok Metropolitan Administration (BMA) set up the Action Plan that aims to reduce their emission by at least 15% in 2012 under business as usual projection.

Project purpose:

Capacity of BMA to implement it strengthened. Project outputs:

- 1. The organization capacity of BMA to tackle the issue of climate change strengthened.
- 2. The capacity of BMA staff developed.

Partner country organization:

Department of Environment, BMA

Cooperating municipalities: Yokohama City and others



(2) Malaysia "Development of Low Carbon Society Scenarios for Asian Regions" 2011.6-2016.6

Technical Cooperation Project

Background:

Malaysia faces great problems to keep natural and urban environment and to use and manage natural resources sustainably, since a great part of its people live in urban areas. It is required to improve urban environment and realize low-carbon cities.

Project purpose:

The method to describe scenarios of low-carbon societies developed and applied, and the results dispatched to the region of Asia.

Project outputs:

1. The method do describe scenarios of low-carbon societies developed.

- 2. A scenario of low-carbon societies described in Iskandar region.
- 3. Co-benefit effects of the policies for low-carbon societies evaluated there.
- 4. A training system and a network in Univ. Tech. Malaysia developed.
- Partner country organizations: Universiti Technologi Malaysia, Iskandar Regional Development Authority and others

Cooperating municipality: Johor State

Assisting entities in Japan: Kyoto Univ. (representative), Nat. Inst. for Environmental Studies, Okayama Univ.



(1) Vietnam "Comprehensive Urban Development Program in Hanoi Capital City" 2004.10-2007.3 Technical Cooperation Project







Background:

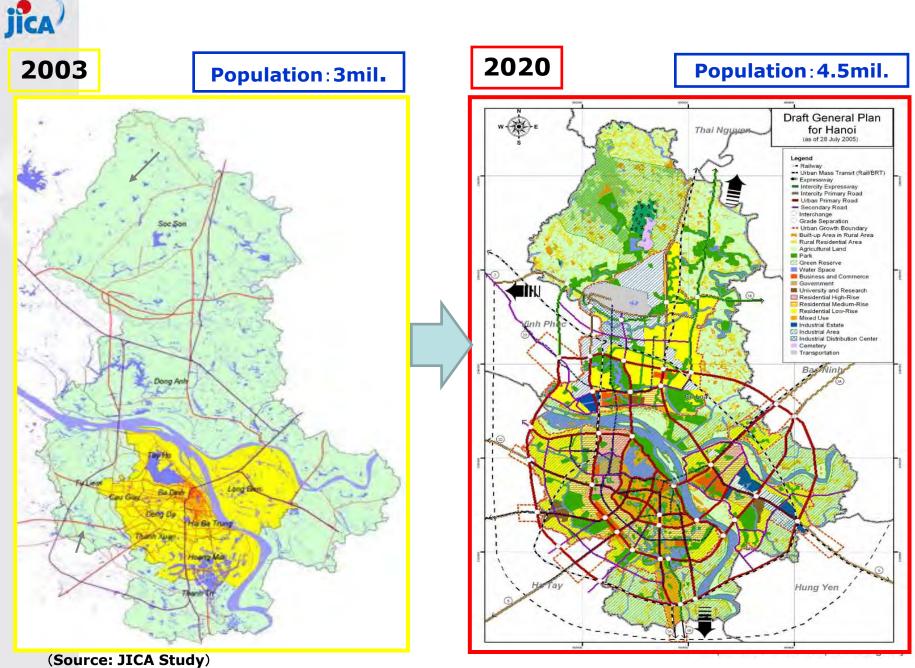
Hanoi with around 3milion population faces rapid deterioration of urban environment and unsatisfactory living condition. Heavy traffic congestion has worsen resource mobilization and distorted business environment.

Project purpose:

Sustainable living and business environment with effective resource management in consistent with regional development strategies Project outputs:

Comprehensive Master Plan covering multisectors (1.water and sanitation, 2.urban transportation and 3.environment and living condition)

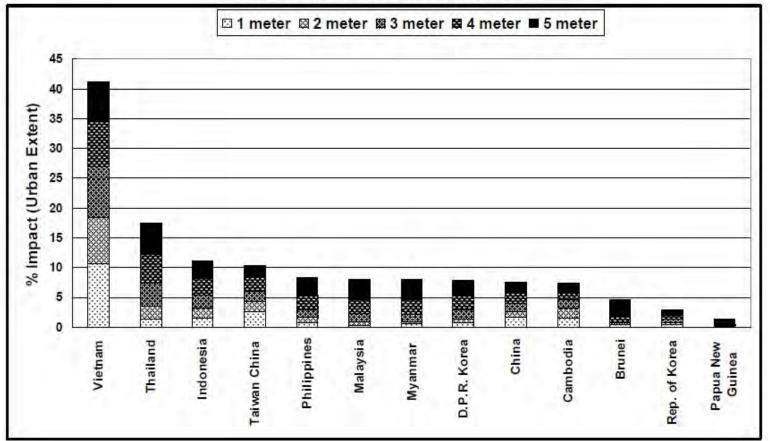
Partner country organization: Hanoi Peoples Committee

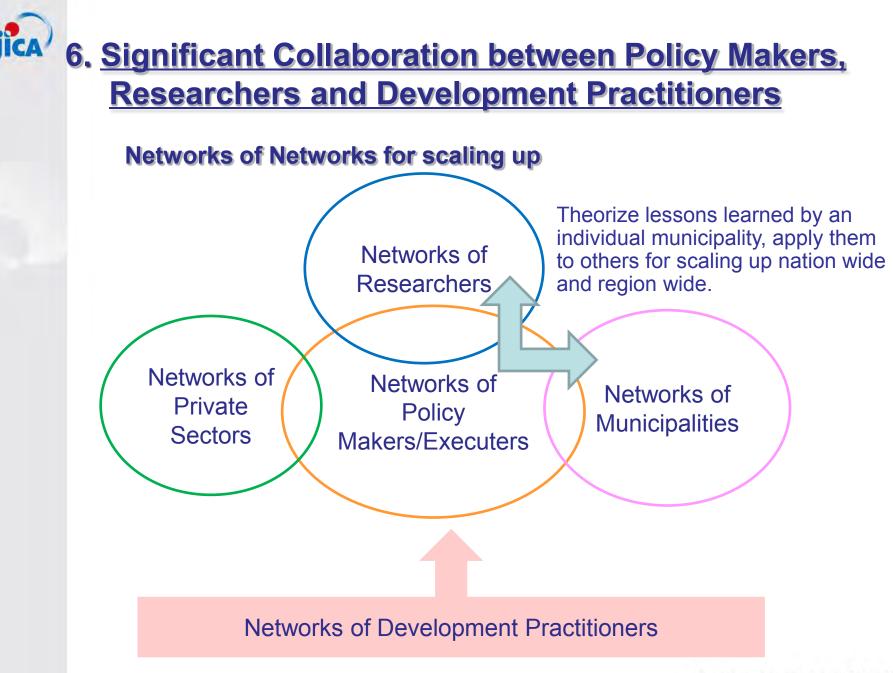




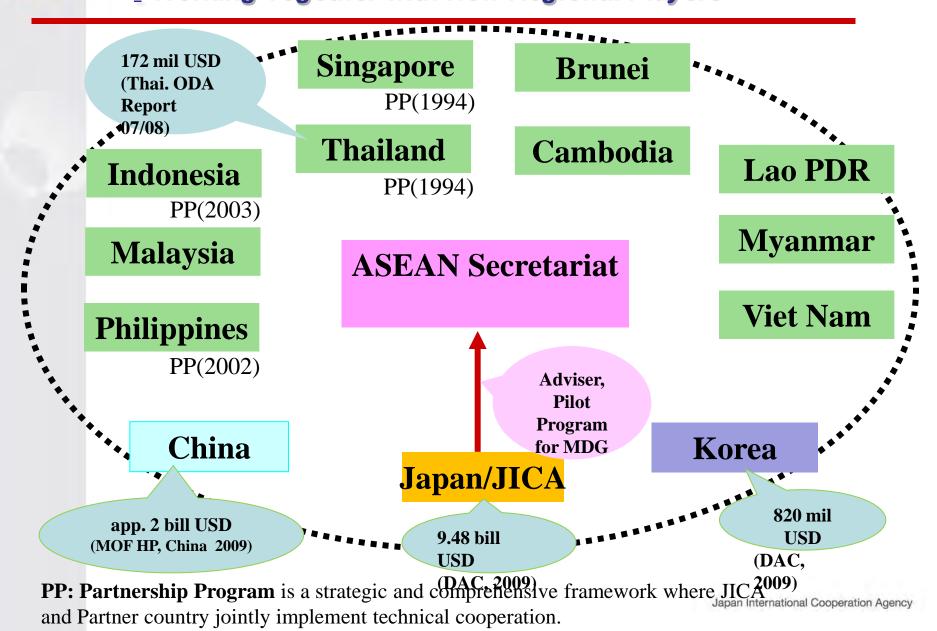
5. Asian urban extents are vulnerable to climate change Low carbon strategy need to be resilient at the same time.

Figure 4f East Asia: Urban extent impacted





7. <u>Global Partnership: promoting regional cooperation</u> _-Working Together with New Regional Players-





Thanks for listening!

