

Local Practical Responses to Climate Change: Experiences of Local Governments and Schools in Thailand

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Chamniern Paul Vorratnchaiphan PhD.

chamniern@tei.or.th

Thailand Environment Institute (www.tei.or.th)



Thailand Environment Institute Initiatives

supporting local governments, communities and schools in coping climate change

Cities for Climate Protection Campaign (CCP)







- implementation period: 2002-2005
- A global campaign of ICLEI-local governments for sustainability
- 6 cities in Thailand participated (Chiang Mai, Phuket, Nonthaburi, Klang, Rayong and Tungsong)



(more info about ICLEI campaign—www.iclei.org)



Objectives

Assist cities to adopt policies and implement quantifiable measures to reduce local greenhouse gas emissions, improve air quality, and enhance urban livability and sustainability



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2. Energy efficiency for streetlights



- Retrofitting incandescent lamps with CFL.
- Retrofitting of traffic lights with LEDs and using solar cell
- Installing low loss ballast

Energy saving 77,900 kWh / year
Total GHG emission reduction 44 tonnes / year



3. City Greening



- Planting trees in public area
- Reforestation mangrove forest

Total GHG emission reduction 41 tonnes / year



4. Waste minimization

- 4.1 Producing Fertilizer from Organic Waste and Transforming bio-gas to Energy
 - Reducing organic waste sent to landfill 60 tonnes/day
 - Producing Fertilizer 5,800 tonnes/year
- Producing electricity from biogas 5,100
 KWhr/year
- Total GHG emission reduction 14,179 tonnes/year





Stop Global Warming

Local Initiatives: Local Governments and Schools







Since 2005, TEI in collaboration with Toyota Motor Japan and Thailand

- to create better understanding about climate change and global warming and encourage the participating schools and municipalities
- to efficiently manage their resources as part of the efforts in reducing greenhouse gases emissions
- to encourage the co-operation among local governments, schools and communities to work together to reduce GHG emissions.

สถาบันสิ่งแวดล้อนไทย (สสก.) Thailand Environment Institute (TEI)

Project Main Activities

- 1.Training Workshop of Stop Global Warming Task Force, consisting of municipal staff and school teachers
- Young Generation Leaders. Youth camp: Climate Change Knowledge, leadership training, Stop Global Warming Commitments and Initiatives, collaborative action plans
- ${\bf 3. \ Launching \ Stop \ Global \ Initiatives \ in \ each \ city \ and \ schools}$
- 4. Learning and Sharing: Monitoring, Evaluation, Exhibition, Awards

สถาบันสิงแวดลอมไทย (สสก.) Thailand Environment Institute (TEI)

Output of the Project

- 187 municipalities 252 schools in 76 provinces
- 534 activities such as sustainable transportation, waste minimization} promoting energy efficiency and urban greening
- Total GHG emission reduction 3,235 tonnes/year













Schools for Better Climate

Integrating Climate Change in Teaching Curricula









- To support teachers in educating and raising awareness of school-children on global warming and climate change issue; and
- To enhance the role of schools in improving countrywide actions for better climate and mitigate global warming problems





Knowledge Management Manual for Teachers in Protecting Climate

Part I Content

- Climate System
- Radiative Energy Balance
- Climate Change
- Impact of Climate Change Climate Change Protection
- How to Make Different for Better Climate

Part II Guideline for learning activities

Part III Examples of Learning Activities



Training on Climate Change for Municipalities

In 5 Regional Learning Centers of Municipal League of Thailand







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Objectives

- 1.To develop operational guidelines on Climate Protection and Global Warming Abatement for Local Government Organization
- To provide knowledge and understanding on Climate Change and Global Warming for Executives and municipal staff
- To promote participation of Local Government
 Organization in climate protection related to current
 situations and problems

Thailand Environment Institute (TEI)

Project Main Activities

- 1. Develop curriculum and training material
- 2. Municipal staff training on global warming and climate change
- Support the pilot municipals to do projects on Climate Change Protection and Global Warming Abatement
- 4. Resulting reporting and monitoring and evaluation to the pilot municipals

Output of the project

VCD

- Part 1 Global Warming
- Part 2 Example of municipal activities on Global Warming Abatement



Global warming exhibition





Local Governments:

How to Mitigate GHG

Content composed of:

- Statistic and date on temperature increasing
- How the Global temperature increasing?
- Impact of Global Warming to cities
- What we are doing to abate the Global Warming?
- How the LGO participate in Global Warming Abatement?
- Example of LGO's project on Global Warming Abatement



Key Success Factors

- Political Leadership
- Methodology (data collection, concrete results)
- Participations (schools, communities, local governments, local NGO, etc.)
- Partners (private sectors, international organizations, NGOs, etc.)

Adaptation Framework to Global Warming Study the risks of communities and other groups (at a level of impact might cause the different damages on communities and groups) Community's Risk Evaluation Capacity and Adaptation Evaluation of from the impacts of climate different groups and community change Technician/Researcher Government **Adaptation to Climate Change Economic and Social** Local wisdom Government Mechanism Reduce impacts Reduce damages (Increase Capacity)

Sufficiency:

A Road to Reduce Global Warming

An Initiative and Contribution from Private Energy Provider Sector to 5 Regional School Networks





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Objectives

- To advocate high potential schools to conduct a curriculum reform under the concept of "Sufficiency: A Road to Reduce Global Warming (S-ReGlow)" in order for these schools to serve as a learning source and model for other schools in the region in the context of energy and environmental conservation, global climate protection, as well as global warming mitigation.
- To disseminate the guidelines for the curriculum reform in relation to the climate change and global warming mitigation to at least other fourteen schools in every regions.
- To promote children's roles in the participation and initiatives of promoting the public awareness in the issues of climate change and global warming.



Project Main Activities

- Select high potential schools to serve as the learning centers for each region.
- Provide the training to ten teachers from each learning center.
- 3. Establish seven learning centers in every region in the country.
- 4. Conduct a contest of the learning media.
- Extend the network to be two schools for each learning centers for the total of 14 schools.
- Hold a workshop to gather the participants from fourteen schools in the network.
- 7. Organize the exhibition on "Youths of the next generation care for the global climate".
- 8. Produce the media and publication regarding the global warming in order to disseminate to the general public.





Asian Cities Climate Change Resilience Network (ACCCRN)

City Engagement and Capacity Development







Objectives

- To engage and build awareness and capacity for urban climate change resilience in Chiang Rai and Hat Yai, through multi-stakeholder processes to identify and assess current and future city-level climate risks and vulnerabilities.
- To facilitate the creation of Thailand city network to share knowledge, practice and experience on urban climate change resilience
- To identify, develop and launch pilot projects in conjunction with city stakeholders based upon clearly articulated objectives and criteria

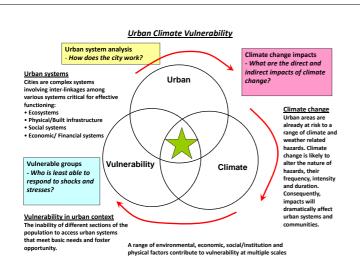


Objectives

- To develop a city climate resilience strategy for the two core cities with possible interventions
- To landscape and pursue
 opportunities to engage national
 agencies, ministries and departments
 that could help advance broader
 funding and policy support for urban
 climate change resilience in Thailand













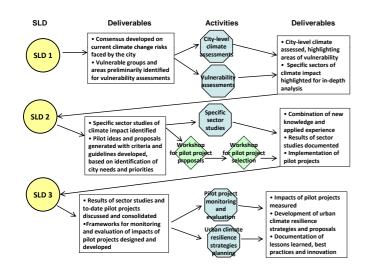
<u> "Shared Learning Dialogues (SLD)"</u>

is the process to build cities' understanding of concepts, frameworks and applied methodologies for shared learning and resilience planning









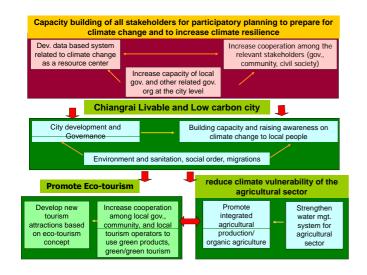
Chiang Rai City Climate Resilience Strategy

climate resilience strategies and planned specific adaptation actions are to tackle water issues





Vision: The people of Muang Chiang Rai gain knowledge and understanding of and adapt to changing climate and its impacts

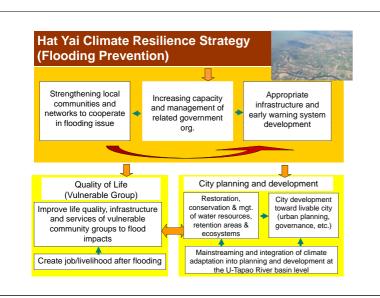


Hat Yai City Climate Resilience Strategy

- · The short-term strategies (2011-2013) are specifically to tackle immediate flood issues,
- The long-term strategy plan (to 2020) focuses on the water resource management of the Songkhla Lake Basin, which encompasses management practices of water supply, water pollution and flood









Holistic and Integrated View of Environment and Climate Change



Strategies Towards Low Carbon Society, City and Community

Carbon Mitigation Gases

Mitigation of Green House Gases in all Sectors (Households, Transportation,

Sustainable consumption and production

Adaptation Measures towards Sufficiency

Co-existing with nature

Human Settlements, Green Infrastructure, Ecological Planning and Development



